

BELLOWS FALLS TRIMMED

ATHLETICS WIN THIRD GAME OF CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES.

Rowd the Largest in Local History of Basketball—Final Score 42 to 17 in Favor of Brattleboro—Haggerty's Remarkable Exhibition.

In a little the warmest game of basketball that has ever taken place in Brattleboro and before the largest and most enthusiastic crowd that has ever witnessed a contest in this town the Athletics Tuesday evening defeated the Belknap Falls team by a score of 42 to 17 and thereby made themselves a factor in the race for the Vermont state championship. Between 800 and 900 people, including a delegation of nearly 200 from up the valley, crowded the festival hall to see the test of supremacy, and bedlam reigned supreme from the first to the final whistle. Stimulated by two victories out of three and confident of making it three out of five, the Belknap Falls aggregation started at a pace which made them look like "the real cheese." It took only a few moments, however, for them to find out they were up against a 4-11-44 combination, and the intervals when the paper-torn rosters could legitimately exercise their lungs were decidedly scarce. Brattleboro fans, on the other hand, found something to exult about in nearly every play, and when it is stated that this exhibition was accomplished by means of cowbells and tin horns the result is not difficult to imagine.

Both teams were strengthened for the contest; Belknap Falls by McGrail of Dartmouth and Corry of Easthampton, Mass., and Brattleboro by "Flo" Haggerty of Holyoke, while Haggerty's work proved a factor in winning the game for Brattleboro it is doubtful if Belknap Falls was materially aided by its imports. McGrail and Corry are first class players but their apparent unfamiliarity with Belknap Falls' system of passing seemed to spoil the effect of the team work. Time and again one or the other of these players would pass the ball directly to a Brattleboro man and thus give the home team a grand opportunity to score. Both McGrail and Corry were allowed to pass unimpaired. On the whole it is a safe conclusion that Belknap Falls would have done as well if not better by using its regular forwards, Frost and Green. But this statement should not give the impression that Belknap Falls did not

put up a fine exhibition. The team played a wonderfully fast game, covering closely and shooting with great accuracy. It lost because Brattleboro was just enough better to win.

The score at the end of the first half was 22 to 4 in favor of the Athletics, and the Belknap Falls rosters had very little to say. For a few minutes in the first of the second period the visitors appeared to take a brace as did the spirits of their loyal supporters, but the rally was only temporary and the release that followed allowed Brattleboro to jump to its original lead.

Haggerty certainly "had 'em all faded" when it came to accuracy in shooting and skill in floor tactics. "Danny" Thompson, who attempted to cover the Holyoke ex-leaguer in the first half, was made to look like an ice-bound frog and R. Bothwell appeared to little better advantage in the second period. Haggerty simply cut circles about his opponents and his exhibition will no doubt be remembered for many a day by those who came from the town where his fame had not reached. Stafford's task was to cover McGrail of Dartmouth and he did this so well that the husky Hampshire failed to make a single successful connection with the basket. Davey easily had the better of H. Bothwell in the center and was second to Haggerty in scoring. He ran the team with good judgment and was always on hand with the goods at critical times. Lemar had his hands full with Corry but he managed to keep within covering range of that player most of the time and repeatedly broke up Belknap Falls' team work. Ellis, as usual, got into the game with every ounce of strength he possessed and led Bothwell and Thompson a merry chase. The summary:

Brattleboro. Belknap Falls.
Haggerty, F. C. Thompson
Ellis, I. F. McGrail
Davey, C. Bothwell
Stafford, R. Corry
Lemar, J. G. H. Bothwell
Corry, S. Belknap Falls
17; Belknap Falls 17.
Drove 6, Ellis 3, R. Bothwell 3, Corry 3, Thompson 3; Goals from fouls, Davey 4, R. Bothwell 2; Corry, referee, P. Ferriere, timer; Riley and Vaisey, scorers; Gould, time 20 minute halves.

Basketball Notes.

It's "down with Company D" tonight.

Next Tuesday the Athletics will play against the Turners Falls Father Mathews.

The receipts from Tuesday's game must have enhanced greatly the financial

condition of the Athletics, and the crowd tonight ought to be nearly as large. The boys merit all the money they get.

Comparatively little money was wagered, on Tuesday evening's game, the odds being about even. The Belknap Falls delegation supported its team nobly but no large wads were flashed in the faces of the Brattleboro supporters.

The Vermont Academy basketball team challenges any team in Vermont for the supremacy of the state, according to an item in the St. Albans Messenger. Vermont Academy has thus far played six games and won all, scoring 223 points to its opponents' 81. Belknap Falls was beaten by V. A. a short time ago.

The fifth and deciding contest between Brattleboro and Belknap Falls will take place in Keene, N. H., although the date has not been settled yet. Managers Riley and Thompson expect to complete arrangements for this game next week. A large following of rosters will no doubt accompany the Athletics to Keene, and Belknap Falls can be depended upon to send down a good representation.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Another interesting program will be given in the association rooms at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon. E. T. Matheson is the speaker and the usual musical program will be rendered by the association orchestra.

Fourteen young men enjoyed the supper and discussion of the Life Problem club Wednesday evening at the association rooms. This club meets every Wednesday at 6:30, and after the supper an hour is spent with a real live life problem. Membership in the club is open to any young man.

A large number of young men met Rev. A. J. Mitchell in the association rooms last Sunday afternoon. His advice was most thoroughly appreciated and everyone present resolved to live a more congenial and helpful life. A special word of praise is given the association orchestra for its splendid work.

The board of directors, with the officers and chairmen of all the committees, will enjoy a lunch in the association rooms Monday evening at 6:30, after which a business meeting will be held. Several very important matters will be considered, and a full attendance is desired.

ORGANIZATION EFFECTED.

Windham County Fish and Game Protective Association Now in Existence.

The Windham County Fish and Game Protective association, which may come to be known hereabouts as "the society with the long name," was organized at a meeting in the Brooks house parlors Saturday afternoon when the following officers were chosen: President, George W. Pierce of Brattleboro; vice presidents, Dr. E. B. Campbell of Belknap Falls and Orrin R. Hoell of Wilmington; secretary, Robert C. Bacon of Brattleboro; treasurer, Dr. George F. Barber of Brattleboro; executive committee, James F. Hooker of Brattleboro, M. H. Ray of Belknap Falls and Frank E. Barber of Brattleboro; auditing committee, John E. Gale of Guilford, Marvin Howard of Londonderry and Arthur P. Williams of Belknap Falls. A membership committee of 23 from the various towns in the county will be appointed by the president. The object of the association, as stated in the constitution, is "the preservation and propagation of fish and game in Windham county; to procure and enforce suitable laws for the protection and preservation of food fishes, game, song and insectivorous birds; the introduction of new species and varieties of fish, game and useful birds; to disseminate information relating thereto, and to procure the revision and codification of the laws on the subject when found necessary."

The meeting was called to order at 3 o'clock in the Brooks House parlors by George W. Pierce, about 40 members from different towns in the county being present. Mr. Pierce was elected temporary chairman and R. C. Bacon temporary secretary. James F. Hooker then moved that a committee be appointed by the chair to prepare a list of officers, and Mr. Pierce at once named a committee with Mr. Hooker as its chairman. After retiring for a short time the committee brought in the list given above, which was elected unanimously. Motion was then made for the appointment of a committee to prepare a constitution and by-laws, H. D. Ryder of Belknap Falls being named as its chairman. After some discussion this committee reported the constitution and by-laws substantially as printed in the Reformer. A week, slight changes being made in several of the articles. After the different articles had been read by Mr. Ryder and discussed by various members, they were again read by the secretary and adopted by a unanimous vote.

The remainder of the session was devoted to an informal discussion of the club's purpose and plans. Dr. Barber emphasized the need of keeping on good terms with the farmers and land-owners of the county and thought it important that every member do his share in explaining the true object of the organization. Dr. Campbell was in favor of having a banquet in the near future with possibly some well-known speaker from outside the state. It seemed to be the sentiment of the majority present that the club's funds could be used to better advantage along other lines, and it was finally voted to leave the matter in the hands of the executive board, which consists of the officers and the executive committee.

BIG TIMBERLAND TRANSFER.

Sixteen Thousand Acres on Deerfield River Sold to Deerfield Lumber Co.

One of the largest real estate and lumber deals ever recorded in southern Vermont has been consummated at Wilmington involving 24,000 acres of timberland on the mountains and in the valleys along the Deerfield river. The land which was the property of the Deerfield River company, has been sold to W. H. Wood of Cambridge, Mass., and A. N. Blandis of Bath, N. H., for a consideration roughly stated at the several hundred thousand dollars. With the land, which is thickly covered with pine, spruce, hemlock and hard wood, are sold the saw mill and the pulp mill of the company in Wilmington. The woodland is in the towns of Wilmington, Somerset, Searsburg, Marlboro, West Dover and Glendon. Mr. Wood will be the president and Mr. Blandis treasurer of the new company, which is to be known as the Deerfield Lumber company and to be incorporated with a capital stock of \$200,000. The old company, of which Moses Newcomb of Holyoke, Mass., is president and Martin A. Brown of Wilmington treasurer, will not dissolve, but will discontinue cutting lumber, its future business being that of wholesale lumber dealers.

Several hundred men have been employed by the old company and it is expected that this number will be increased by the new concern. Of 24,000 acres involved the new company purchases sixteen thousand outright and secures stumpage rights on the other 8,000 acres.

Death of a Bernardston Veteran.

Captain Edward A. Holton died at the home of his son, Dr. C. E. Holton, at Bernardston, Mass., Monday morning. He had not been as well as usual for several days, but felt much better Sunday, and went to bed at the usual time. Monday morning he failed to get up, and going to look after him, his son found that he had quietly breathed his last in his sleep. Burial will be in Westminster.

Capt. Holton was born in Westminster 70 years ago. He leaves a son, Dr. Holton, of Bernardston, a daughter, Mrs. J. W. Cram of Colrain, besides four grandchildren.

Capt. Holton served with distinction for four years in the Civil war, and was awarded a medal of honor, which, as is well known, is equivalent to the Victoria cross. "For distinguished conduct at Lee's Mills, Va., August 18, 1862, when, as first sergeant of Company I, 6th Vermont, he rescued the colors of the regiment, which had fallen into the water, the color bearer having been shot."

The following general order from the commander of the Vermont brigade, issued the day after the battle, is most complimentary and has been mentioned in orders for bravery and who was discharged from the service on account of severe wounds received at the battle of the Wilderness, Va., May 6, 1864. Headquarters 24th Brig., April 17, 1862.

"General order No. 36—The brigade-dier-general commanding congratulates the troops of this brigade for the conduct exhibited by them yesterday while under fire. The invincibility of spirit shown by these companies, exposed to terrible fire from the enemy sheltered in rifle pits, is worthy of the highest admiration."

"The conduct of 1st Serget. Holton, I command you to conduct rival that of yesterday, and your friends and your state will be proud of you."

"By order of Brig.-Gen. W. T. H. Brooks."

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Has had the endorsement of the best housekeepers throughout the country for over a century and a quarter.

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SOME UNIVERSALIST HISTORY.

Facts Concerning Its Early Start in Windham County.

The holding of the Universalist fair, says the local correspondent of the Springfield Republican, recalls some interesting Universalist history. Windham county may almost be said to be the cradle of American Universalism. Hosea Ballou preached his second sermon in Brattleboro in 1791; he was then in his 21st year. Among those living in Brattleboro at the time, who probably listened to the founder of American Universalism on this occasion, were Col. Daniel Stewart, Levi Goodenough and Reuben Stearns. Some historians say the doctrine of the final restitution of all things was believed here as early as 1780. While Hosea Ballou preached some of his earliest sermons in Windsor county, yet the scene of the greatest effectiveness of his preaching was here in Windham county, and especially in the southern towns of the county. Hosea Ballou, 2d, was a native of Guilford, and he preached some of his first sermons in Brattleboro. It is believed that he preached at the residence of Levi Goodenough in his 18th year, in 1814. He certainly preached there, the historian says, not later than 1816-1817. Between this date and 1829 there was occasional Universalist preaching in school-houses of private residences by Rev. John Brooks, Rev. Thomas J. Sawyer, Rev. William A. Balch, Rev. Russell Streeter and Rev. Isaiah Boynton. In December, 1829, Rev. Matthew Hale Smith, then only a boy of 18, was settled over a society in the west village. His time was divided between that church and a church in Guilford. Mr. Smith continued his pastorate in Brattleboro until 1832, which was a successful one so far as indicated by outward results. It is reported that he was popular, and his congregations always large.

He was succeeded by Rev. Aurin Bagbee, during whose ministry occurred one of those episodes the like of which could hardly take place in this generation in which sectarian spirit is certainly less fierce than that of the last generation. The old church in West Brattleboro was owned principally by Universalists. They asked for the privilege of using it occasionally on Sunday, but their request was refused. Thereupon they went to church early Sunday morning, November 24, 1833, forced open the door and took possession of the house. Men and women, Revs. F. Loring of Hinsdale, N. H., and Warren Skinner of Proctorsville, had been engaged to conduct the religious services during the day. Mr. Loring began his service at 9 o'clock in the morning, and continued it until 10:30, when Mr. Skinner took the pulpit for another service. At this time the other party with their members, one of them the principal of the academy, came in a body to the church, entered the vestibule and demanded admittance to the auditorium, the doors of which were all closed, long seats filled with men being placed against them. They requested the Universalists in the vestibule to call out their committee for consultation; but they answered that they should not interrupt the services, which had then begun. Next the Congregationalists proposed to overpower the Universalists in the entry, rush into the church and expel Mr. Skinner by force from the pulpit and take possession themselves. They were advised that by this course they would all render themselves liable to indictment and heavy fines as disturbers of a religious meeting. The academy bell was then rung, and they departed in a body to that place and held their meeting, leaving the Universalists in undisputed possession of the church for the rest of the day. As a result of this contest, after some months the Universalists sold their interest in the church to the other owners, and in 1834 built a brick church in the west village. The new church was dedicated January 31, 1835, and Rev. Charles Woodhouse assumed the pastorate, which he continued two or three years.

Feeding Green Cut Bone Pays.

Mr. A. F. Hunter who is one of the regular contributors to The New England Farmer, not long ago said in the columns of that paper: "Feeding fresh cut bone to fowls, to induce abundant laying, has proved a decidedly profitable thing. The bones are rich in animal matter and contain lime of which the egg shells are made, and hens fed on fresh cut bone will lay a larger number of eggs than if fed no bone. Not only will they lay a larger number of eggs, but the eggs will be stronger-bodied, will be better eggs, and if incubated will have better and stronger chicks."

C. S. Page of Hyde Park, Vt., on receipt of \$2.50 will forward to anyone a 200-pound barrel of Green Cut Bone, prepaying railroad freights to any state in New England or New York.

Mrs. William Castow of Swanton gave birth to four girl babies Saturday, Jan. 27. They were perfectly formed and alive when born but all died before night.

BAD WATER IN ICE POND.

Sample Examined by State Laboratory Shows Contamination.

Dr. Henry Tucker, health officer, received Wednesday from the state laboratory a report on a sample of water which he took from the Frost street pond of the Crystal Springs Ice company Jan. 18. According to the analysis the water in this pond is contaminated, the report containing the following items of interest:

Turbidity, distinct.
Sediment, slight.
Free ammonia, .044 per cent.
Chlorine, 4.9 per cent.
Nitrogen as nitrates, 3 per cent.
Nitrogen as nitrites, .007 per cent.
The unusual amount of chlorine and nitrates shown by this report is thought by Dr. Tucker to be due to decayed organic matter which may have entered the pond by surface drainage. The sample was taken under favorable conditions, the ground surrounding the pond being frozen and covered with snow at the time.

In view of the fact that the ice crop this year promises to be unusually light the Crystal Springs company will probably be obliged to use ice from the Frost pond in order to supply its customers next summer. For this reason Dr. Tucker advises the public to cool its drinking water by setting it on ice instead of putting ice in the water. In this way no danger can come from any contamination that may be in the product.

Just a little Kodol after meals will relieve that fullness, belching, gas on stomach, and all other symptoms of indigestion. Kodol digests what you eat, and enables the stomach and digestive organs to perform their functions naturally. Sold by Geo. E. Greene.

\$20,000 Fire at Windsor.

The Fay building, one of the two largest in Windsor village, was completely gutted by fire at an early hour Saturday, Jan. 27, only the brick walls being left standing. The loss will approximate \$20,000 and is nearly covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown. The building was owned by C. T. Fay of Holyoke, Mass. The lower floor was occupied by the hardware store of Stone, Payson & Blake, the furniture store of Cabot Bros. and the barber shop of Hayes Jones. The upper floor was occupied by the tenement of Mr. Jones and Edgar Amsden's board and room room. Stone, Payson & Blake saved a part of the contents of the store in a badly damaged condition. This firm carried an insurance of \$5,500. Almost everything in Cabot Bros. store was destroyed. The insurance on the stock and fixtures was \$7,000. Hayes Jones saved most of his belongings. Everything on the upper floor was destroyed. The building, which probably will be rebuilt, was insured for \$9,000.

A Well Advertised Poultry Food.

A satisfied customer is the best advertisement any business house can have. Such expressions as are given in the following letter from Asahel Puffer of Jericho, Vt., are indicative of the kind of advertising "Page's Perfected Poultry Food" receives. It also accounts in a large degree for the enormous sale of this staple article. Here is the letter: "I wish to keep the agency for 'Page's Perfected Poultry Food' another year. I call your Poultry Food the best I ever used, and the neighbors all speak very highly of it."

All send him his address on a postal card to C. S. Page, Hyde Park, Vt., and mentioning this paper, will receive by mail, free, postpaid, a sample package of "Page's Perfected Poultry Food."

No. 4 Straight Talks on Patent Medicines

Some three years ago a number of prominent retail druggists—realizing that a big change was to be made in the proprietary medicine business, that the public demanded to know what the ingredients were of the preparations they were advertising, and that a general reform was about to take place in proprietary medicine manufacturing and advertising, formed a co-operative company to meet the public's demand. This company was called The United Drug Company, of which the undersigned is one of the thousand members.

Our object was, first, to manufacture a line of prescriptions such as we had tried out in our stores and found to give the very best of results, and second, by owning our own co-operative manufacturing company we would be able to know the exact formula of every preparation we were selling, thus enabling us to give to the public the very best remedies we could find at actual manufacturing cost, plus a single retail profit.

This enabled The United Drug Company to escape the heavy charges for advertising and other expenses such as have to be paid by proprietary remedies. What was most important, it insured safety and satisfaction to our customers, because we druggists know just what we are selling.

A committee of experts was appointed who spent a long time in testing the merits of more than two thousand formulas and prescriptions recommended

by the various druggists constituting the company.

From these, about two hundred were selected as being the best remedies known to medical science for the cure, each of its particular ailment.

The exclusive rights to these remedies were then transferred to The United Drug Company, which has since manufactured them in its superbly equipped laboratories in Boston under the now famous name of "The Rexall Remedies."

Note then, first of all, these facts:

1st. "Rexall" refers, not to one remedy but to about two hundred—each for some one particular purpose. Nobody knows better than The United Drug Company druggists the absurdity of the "cure-all."

2d. Each "Rexall" Remedy is a tested and proved success, selected for its conspicuous merit from many of its class. All had established reputations through their continued use by physicians before they became members of the "Rexall" family.

3rd. "Rexall" Remedies are sold at low prices because they are free from heavy manufacturing charges, jobbing profits, and the heavy expense of being advertised separately, as formerly.

The United Drug Company, which manufactures the Rexall Remedies, has already scored the greatest success ever known in the history of the drug business.

Three of the 200 "Rexall" Remedies, one for each human ill, are:

FOR CATARRH—MUCU-TONE

The chief ingredients of Mucu-Tone are Gentian, Cubebs, Cascara Sagrada, Glycerine, and Sarsaparilla.

Gentian is recognized in medicine as one of the greatest tonics ever discovered. It is the foundation on which Mucu-Tone is built. Gentian combines in high degree the tonic powers of all the known "biters," with none of the disadvantages applying to them.

Cubebs have long been recognized as a cathartic in the treatment of all catarrhal conditions. Its action is prompt and its benefit almost invariable. In whatever part of the body the inflamed or diseased condition of the mucous membrane exists, the use of Cubebs has been recommended by the best physicians for many generations.

Cascara Sagrada is especially introduced for its necessary laxative properties.

The combination of these with Glycerine and Sarsaparilla makes Mucu-Tone a remedy that attacks catarrh from every point, gradually restores and rebuilds the diseased tissues to their former health and strength, promotes digestion and creates a normal appetite. Bottle, 50c.

FOR NERVES—AMERICANIS ELIXIR

The Rexall Americanis Elixir is a tonic nerve food composed chiefly of free Phosphorus, Glycophosphates, Iron Pyrophosphate and Calisaya.

The wonderful results of this remedy are due to the fact that it supplies Phosphorus to the nerve cells in a condition in which it can be immediately and easily taken up by them. It is the only known preparation in which free Phosphorus—that is Phosphorus which remains indefinitely unoxidized—is used.

The Glycophosphates, actual nerve-tissue builders, are one of the most recent and valuable additions to the field of this branch of medicine and unquestionably a more efficient remedy than the well-known Hypophosphites.

The Iron Pyrophosphates is the most easily assimilated form of iron which gives tone and color, and the combined alkaloids of Calisaya Bark have a tonic effect on almost all the functions of the body.

In compounding these various elements, the very highest degree of pharmaceutical skill, promotes digestion and creates a normal appetite. Bottle, 50c.

REXALL "93" HAIR TONIC

The famous Rexall "93" Hair Tonic is composed in chief of Resorcin, Beta Naphthol and Pilocarpin.

Resorcin is one of the latest and most effective germ-killers discovered by a science, and in connection with Beta Naphthol, which is both germicidal and antiseptic, a combination is formed which not only destroys the germs which rob the hair of its nutriment, but creates a clean and healthy condition of the scalp, which prevents the lodgment and development of new germs.

Pilocarpin is a well-known agent for restoring the hair to its natural color, where the loss of color has been due to a disease of the scalp. It is not a coloring matter or dye—it produces its effect by stimulating the scalp and hair follicles to health and active life.

This combination of curatives mixed with alcohol as a stimulant, perfects the most effective remedy for hair and scalp troubles known to-day. Bottle, 50c.

BROOKS HOUSE PHARMACY

The Rexall Store

"Rexall" Remedies are found only in the stores of druggists affiliated with The United Drug Company—only one in each town and each backs up this "Rexall" guarantee printed on every package: "This preparation is guaranteed to give satisfaction. If it does not, come back and get your money. It belongs to you, and we want you to have it."